SONY

SLD323V

High Power Density 1W Laser Diode

Description

The SLD323V is a high power, gain-guided laser diode produced by MOCVD method*1. Compared to the SLD300 Series, this laser diode has a high brightness output with a doubled optical density which can be achieved by QW-SCH structure*2.

*1 MOCVD: Metal Organic Chemical Vapor Deposition

*2 QW-SCH: Quantum Well Separate Confinement Heterostructure

Features

- High power
  Recommended optical power output: Po = 1.0W
- Low operating current: Iop = 1.4A (Po = 1.0W)

Applications

- Solid state laser excitation
- Medical use
- Material processes
- Measurement

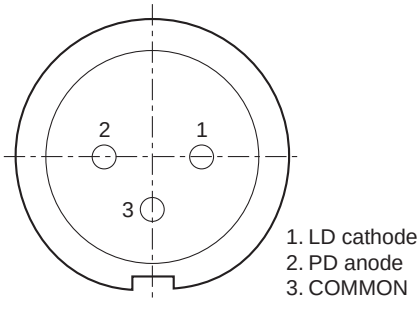
Structure

GaAlAs quantum well structure laser diode

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Tc = 25°C)

• Optical power output	Po		1.1	W
• Reverse voltage	V_R	LD	2	V
		PD	15	V
• Operating temperature (Tc)	Topr		–10 to +30	°C
• Storage temperature	Tstg		–40 to +85	°C

Pin Configuration



1. LD cathode
2. PD anode
3. COMMON

Bottom View

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E93207A81-PS

Electrical and Optical Characteristics (Tc: case temperature, Tc = 25°C)

Item		Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Threshold current		Ith			0.3	0.5	A
Operating current		Iop	P_O = 1.0W		1.4	2.0	A
Operating voltage		Vop	P_O = 1.0W		2.1	3.0	V
Wavelength*1		λp	P_O = 1.0W	790		840	nm
Monitor current		Imon	P_O = 1.0W V_R = 10V	0.3	1.5	6.0	mA
Radiation angle (F. W. H. M.*)	Perpendicular	θ⊥	P_O = 1.0W	20	30	40	degree
	Parallel	θ//		4	9	17	degree
Positional accuracy	Position	ΔX, ΔY	P_O = 1.0W			±50	μm
	Angle	Δϕ⊥				±3	degree
Differential efficiency		η_D	P_O = 1.0W	0.5	0.9		W/A

* F. W. H. M. : Full Width at Half Maximum

***1 Wavelength Selection Classification**

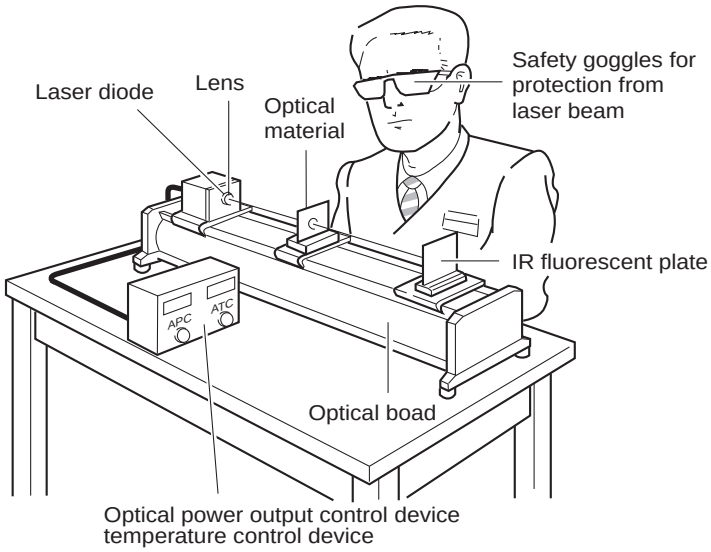
Type	Wavelength (nm)
SLD323V-1	795 ± 5
SLD323V-2	810 ± 10
SLD323V-3	830 ± 10

Type	Wavelength (nm)
SLD323V-21	798 ± 3
SLD323V-24	807 ± 3
SLD323V-25	810 ± 3

Handling Precautions

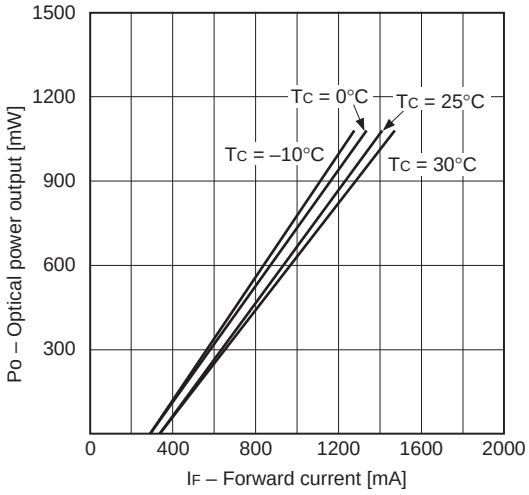
Eye protection against laser beams

The optical output of laser diodes ranges from several mW to 3W. However the optical power density of the laser beam at the diode chip reaches 1MW/cm^2. Unlike gas lasers, since laser diode beams are divergent, uncollimated laser diode beams are fairly safe at a laser diode. For observing laser beams, ALWAYS use safety goggles that block infrared rays. Usage of IR scopes, IR cameras and fluorescent plates is also recommended for monitoring laser beams safely.

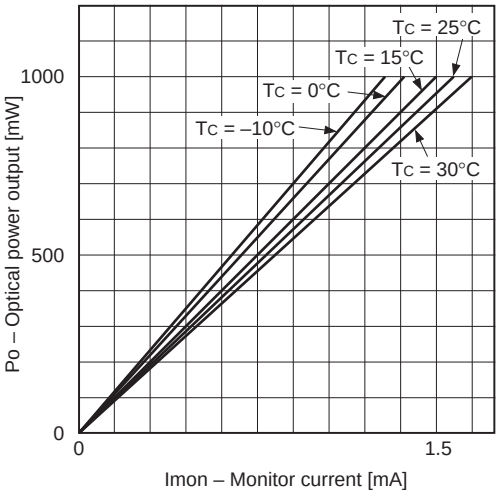


Example of Representative Characteristics

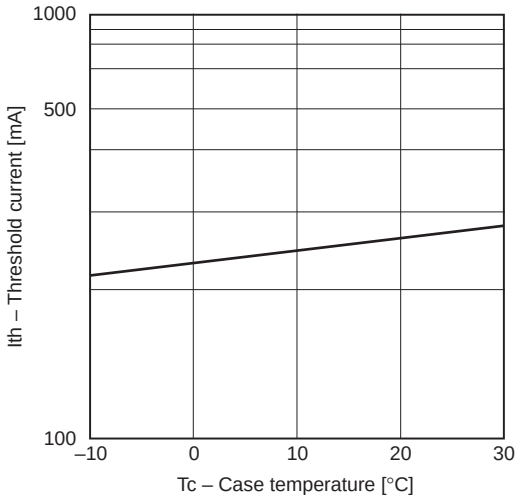
Optical power output vs. Forward current characteristics



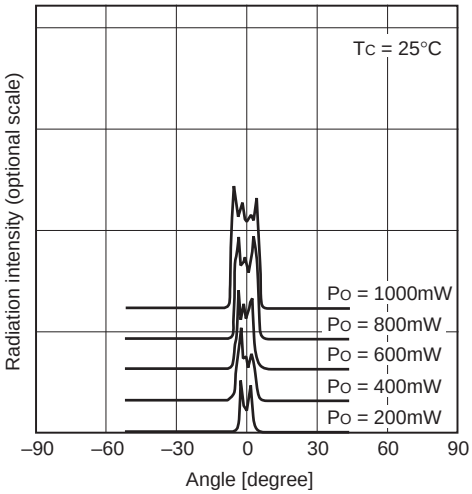
Optical power output vs. Monitor current characteristics



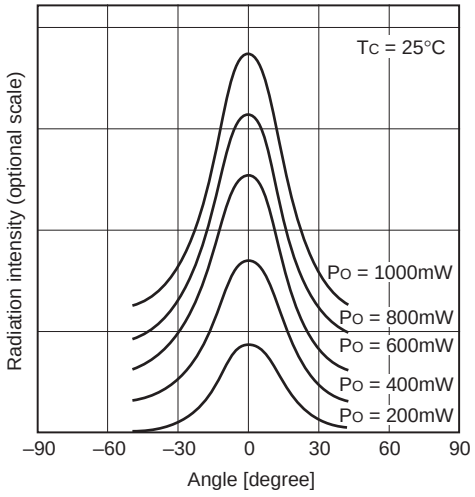
Threshold current vs. Temperature characteristics



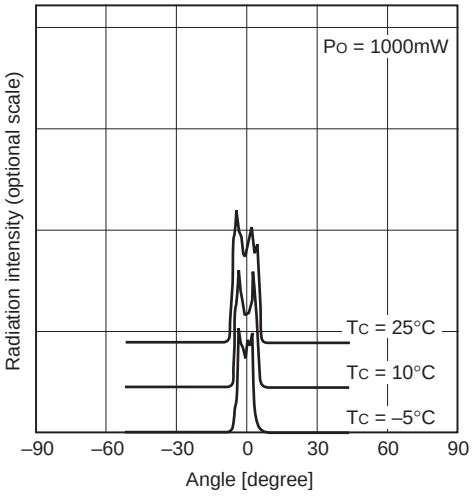
Power dependence of far field pattern (Parallel to junction)



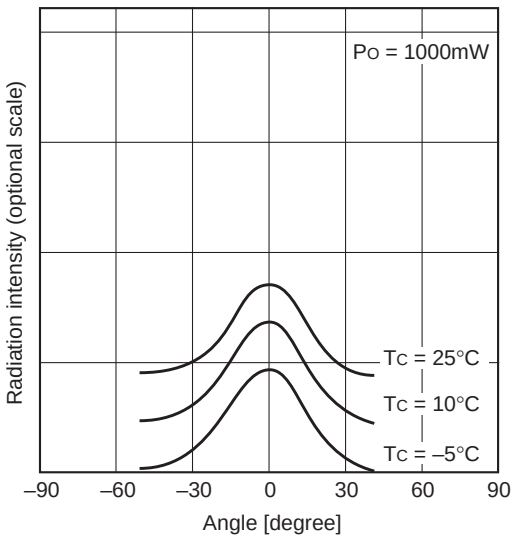
Power dependence of far field pattern (Perpendicular to junction)



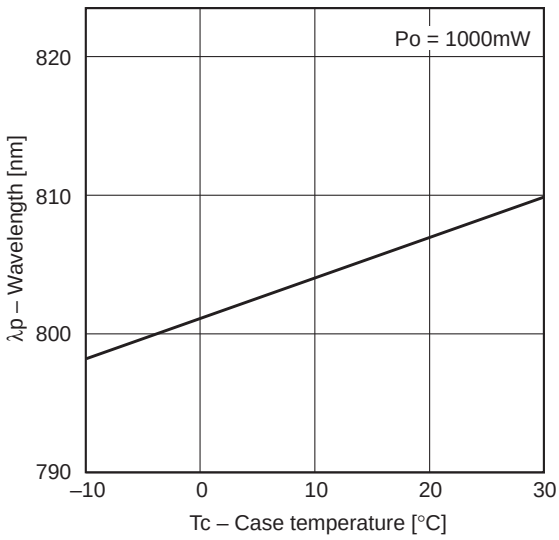
Tempareture dependence of far field pattern (Parallel to junction)



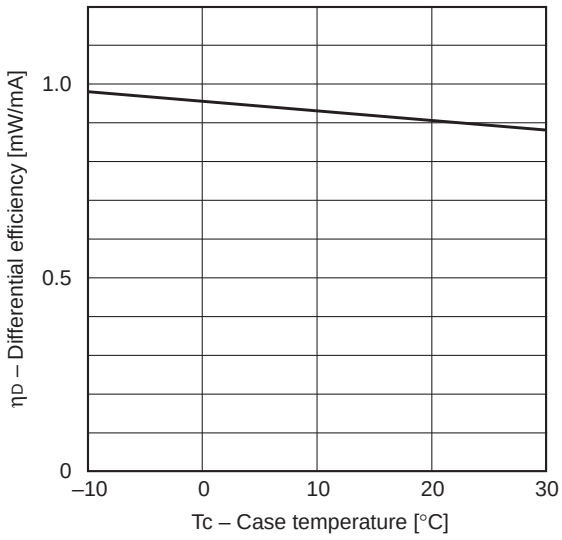
Temperature dependence of far field pattern (Perpendicular to junction)



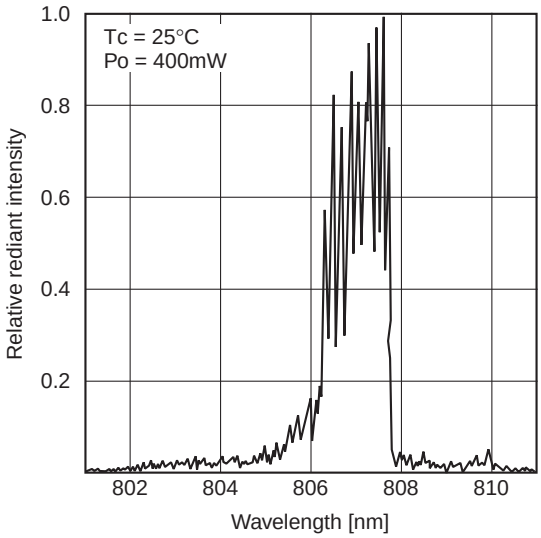
Dependence of wavelength

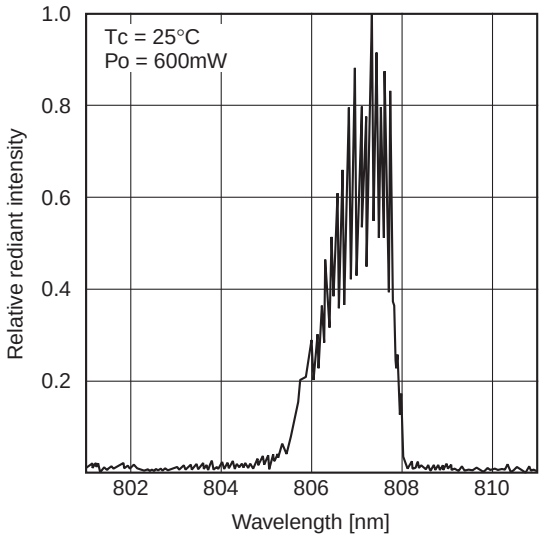


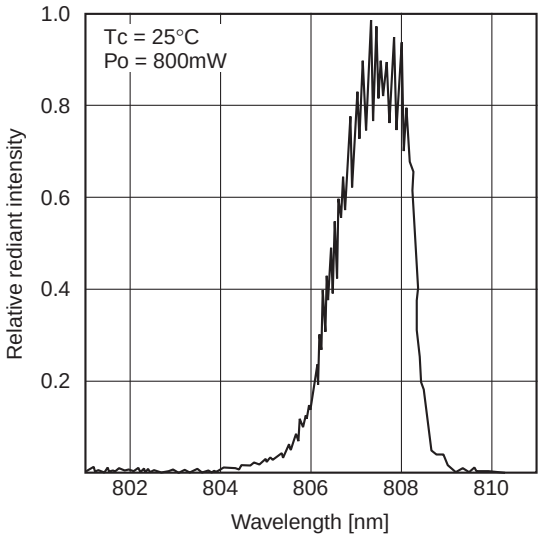
Differential efficiency vs. Temperature characteristics

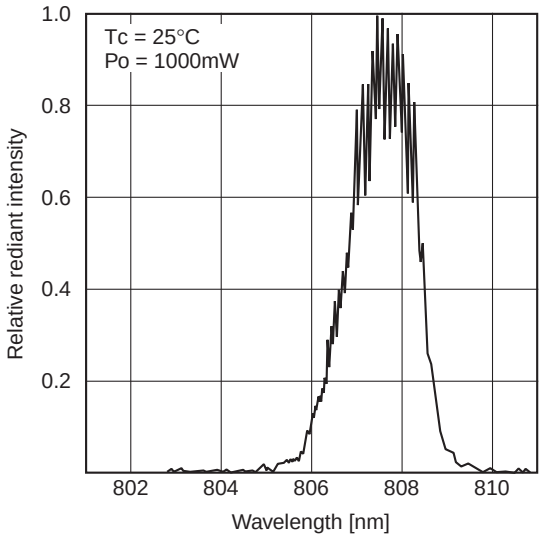


Power dependence of spectrum

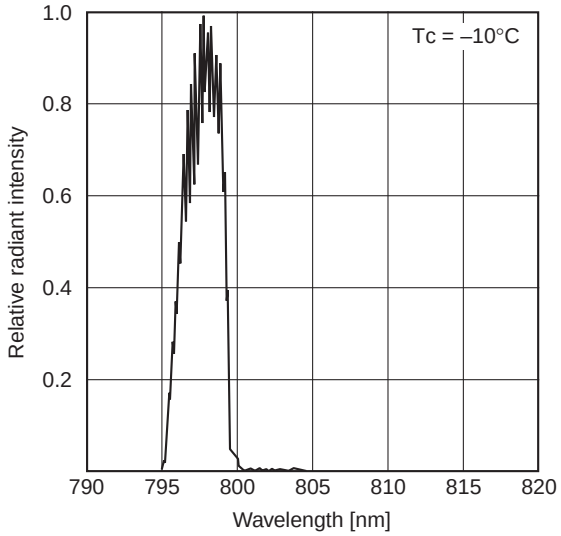


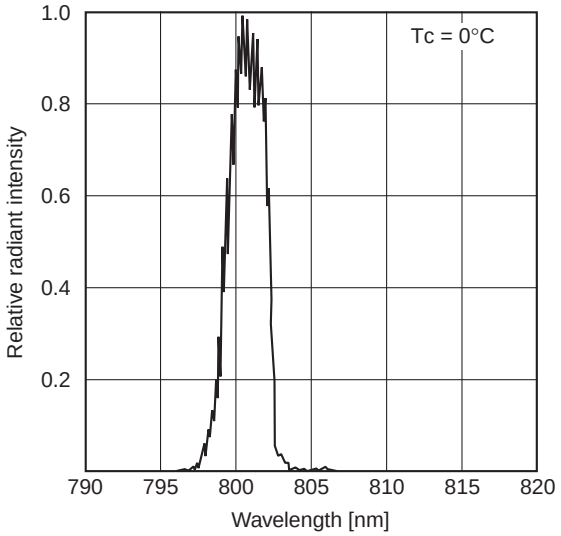


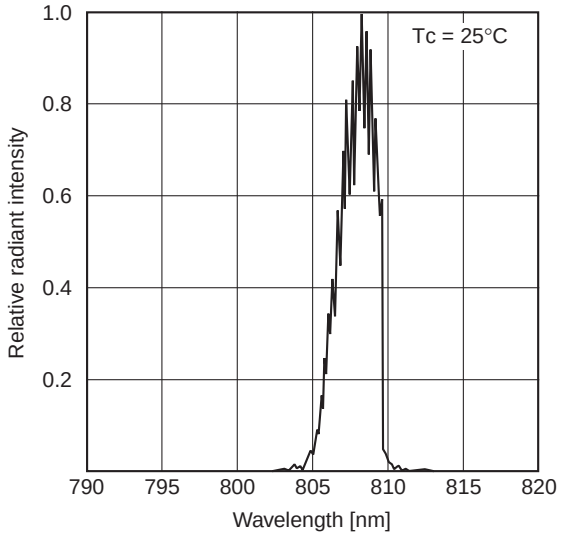


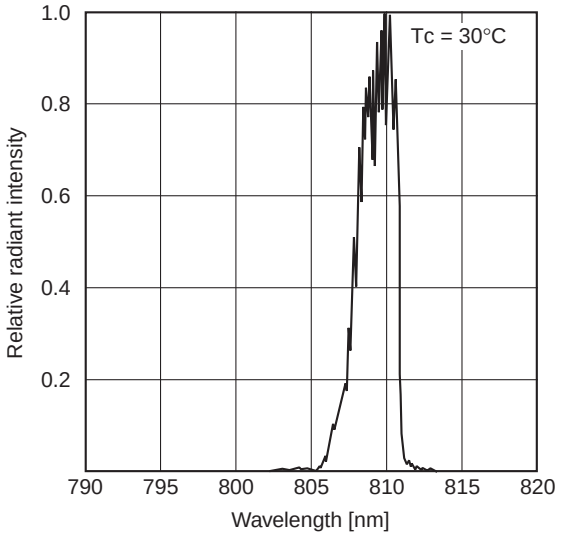


Temperature dependence of spectrum (Po = 1.0W)



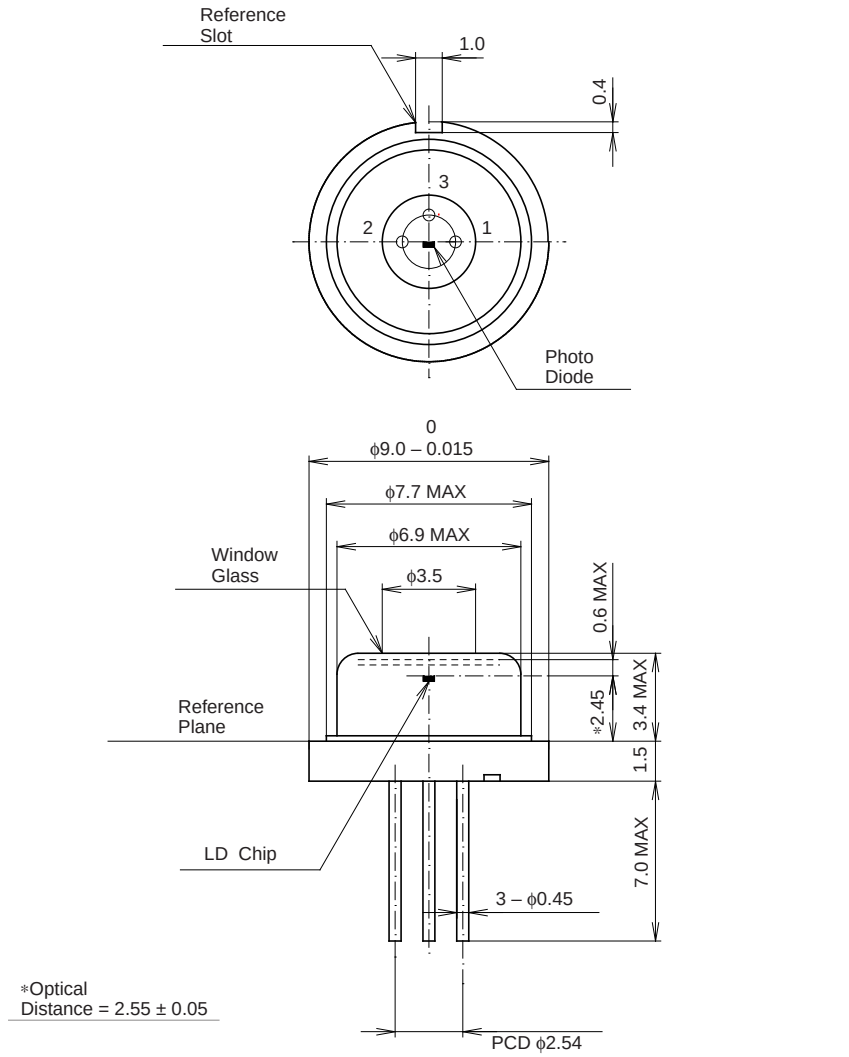






Package Outline Unit: mm

M-248 (LO-11)



SONY CODE	M-248
EIAJ CODE	————
JEDEC CODE	————

PACKAGE WEIGHT	1.2g